Statement

List of RCCs

1. Kamla Nehru Memorial Hospital Allahabad, Uttar Pradesh
2. Chittaranjan National Cancer Institute, Kolkata, West Bengal
3. Kidwai Memorial Instt. of Oncology, Bangalore, Karnataka
4. Regional Cancer Institute (WIA), Adyar, Chennai, Tamil Nadu
5. Acharya Harihar Regional Cancer Centre for Cancer Research & treatment, Cuttack, Orissa
6. Regional Cancer Control Society, Shimla, Himachal Pradesh
7. Cancer Hospital and Research Centre, Gwalior, Madhya Pradesh
8. Indian Rotary Cancer Institute, (A.I.I.M.S.), New Delhi
9. R.S.T. Hospital & Research Centre, Nagpur, Maharashtra
10. Pt. J.N.M. Medical College, Raipur, Chhattisgarh
11. Regional Cancer Centre, Thiruvananthapuram
12. Gujarat Cancer Research Institute, Ahmedabad, Gujarat
13. MNJ Institute of Oncology, Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh
14. Pondicherry Regional Cancer Society, JIPMER, Pondicherry
15. Dr. B. B. Cancer Institute, GuwahatJ, Assam
16. Tata Memorial Hospital, Mumbai, Maharashtra
17. Indira Gandhi Institute of Medical Sciences, Patna, Bihar
18. Acharya Tulsi Regional Cancer Trust & Research Institute (RCC), Bikaner, Rajasthan
19. Regional Cancer Centre, Pt. B. D. Sharma Post Graduate Institute of Medical Sciences, Rohtak, Haryana
20. Civil Hospital, Aizwal, Mizoram

Survey to assess the gap between the child births

3901. SHRI RAJKUMAR DHOOT: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have carried out any survey to assess the areas, communities, sects, etc, wherein the gap between the child births is less and have produced more children than the desired number in relation to the requirement of the nation during the last three years;

(b) if so, the details thereof and the conclusions arrived at;

(c) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(d) the special efforts being made in high population growth segments to bring down the rate of growth in population?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA): (a) to (c) Ministry of Health and Family Welfare has sponsored National Family Health Survey (NFHS), during 1998-99, covering around 90,000 ever married women in the country.

As per the findings, about 28% of births occur within the interval of 24 months at all India level. Distribution of births by birth interval does not vary much by the socio-economic characteristics/communities.

As per the survey, in India, about 45% of the births are of the order of 3 and above during 3 years prior to the survey. In States like Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan more than 50% of the births are of order 3 and above while in Southern and Western States, this is less than 40%. The contribution of higher order of births 3 and above should be lowered in order to achieve small family norms as envisaged by National Population Policy, 2000.

(d) The efforts being made by the Government to control the high population growth rate are as follows:—

* An integrated and holistic programme for Reproductive and Child Health that include maternal health, child health and contraception has been in operation.
* Government has adopted a National Population Policy (NPP) in February, 2000, which provides for an inter-sectoral agenda to bring about population stabilization, with community involvement in administering family planning services.
* An Empowered Action Group has been constituted under the Chairmanship of the Union Health and Family Welfare Minister for focused attention on improving the coverage and outreach of services in demographically weaker eight States.

Cooperation with UNICEF to protect children from HIV/AIDS

3902. SHRI YADLAPATIVENKAT RAO: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have entered into a programme of cooperation with the UNICEF for five years to reduce infant maternal mortality and protect children and adolescents from HIV/AIDS;

(b) if so, the total amount to be spent by the UNICEF for this project;

(c) by when the project is likely to be launched and the names of States to be benefited in the first instance; and

(d) the other details in this regard?